## **Department of History & Punjab Historical Studies**

Punjabi University, Patiala 147002 (Established under Punjab Act No. 35 of 1961)

## Syllabus for Ph. D. Entrance Test for Session 2024-25 Section-A (Research Methodology)

- 1. History: Definition, Nature and Scope
- 2. Historical Evidence: Categories of primary sources, the questions of authenticity and reliability
- 3. History's Relation with other Social Sciences: Geography, Economics, Political Science and Sociology
- 4. Historical Explanation: Causation in history, problems of determinism and chance in historical causation, generalization, problems of value judgement and objectivity in history
- 5. Some approaches to history: Colonial, Nationalist, Marxist, Subaltern, Feminist
- 6. Value of history

## Section B (Subject)

## **HISTORY OF THE PUNJAB**

- 1. Sufism and its Impact
- 2. Age of Guru Nanak: Political, Social and Religious Conditions
- 3. Consolidation and Development of Sikhism up to 1 606.
- 4. Concept of Martyrdom in Sikhism and its impact on Sikh movement.
- 5. Guru Gobind Singh's relations with Mughals and Hill Rajas, Creation of Khalsa and its significance, the *Zafarnama*
- 6. Rise of the Sikhs into Political Power: Banda Singh Bahadur (1708-16)
- 7. Continuation of Sikh confrontation with the Mughal Governors (1716-52); Sikh Triumph over the Afghans (1752-65)
- 8. Role of Dal Khalsa, Gurmata, Misl and Rakhi in the Political struggle
- 9. Civil and Military system of Ranjit Singh; Anglo-Sikh Wars and its consequences
- 10. Colonial Framework: New Administration, New Means of Communication, Agrarian Policy, Western Education
- 11. Socio-Religious Reform movements: Brahmo Samaj, Arya Samaj, Singh Sabha
- 12. Revolutionary Activities: the Babbar Akalis; Kirti Kisan Party; Bhagat Singh and the Naujawan Bharat Sabha; Bhagat Singh and the HSRA (Hindustan Socialist Republic Party)
- 13. Punjab Politics (1935-47): the elections of 1937 and the Unionist Government; the 'Pakistan Resolution of the Muslim League (1940); Political Developments up to Independence, Partition of the Punjab