

M.Phil/Ph.D Entrance Test 2020

POLITICAL SCIENCE

SECTION-A

(Research Methodology)

Research in Social Sciences, Scientific Study of Political Science, Types of Research Hypothesis, Research Design, Tools and Techniques of Data collection : Observation, Questionnaire and Interview, Sampling : Meaning and Kinds, Report Writing and Thesis Writing.

SECTION-B

(Subject Specific)

Indian Political Thought

Manu, Kautilya, Guru Nanak Dev, Guru Gobind Singh, Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Gopal Krishan Gokhale, Lala Lajpat Rai, Shaheed Bhagat Singh, M.K. Gandhi, J.P. Narayan, M.N. Roy and B.R. Ambedkar.

Western Political Thought

Plato, Aristotle, Saint Augustine, St. Thomas Aquinas, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, Bentham, J.S. Mill, Montesquieu, T.H. Green.

Contemporary Political Thought

Marx, Lenin, Mao, Herbert Marcuse, Laski, Rawls, Nozick.

Indian Government and Politics

Constituent Assembly, Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Constitution as an Instrument of Social Change: Amendment Process, Demand for State Autonomy, Cabinet and Parliament, Governor, Chief Minister and State Legislative Assembly, Judicial Review, Working and Failures of Parliamentary System.

Theories of International Politics

New-Realism, System Approach (Kaplan's Model), Inter Dependency, Changing Nature of National Power, Disarmament and Arms Control as a Theory to peace.

Democracy in India

Nature and Structure of Indian Democracy, Party System, Interest Groups and Social Movement, Socio Economic Determinants of Indian Democracy: Caste, Language, Religion and Poverty, Indian Democracy at the Grass root level, Role of Women in the Political Process. Parliamentary vs Presidential Model.

Contemporary Issues in International Politics

Globalization: Its Impact and Consequences, Gender Issues: Empowerment of Women, Place of Human Rights in International Politics, International Terrorism, Politics of Ethnicity and Multi-culturalism.

Modern Political Analysis

Modern Political Analysis: Meaning and Nature, Behavioral Revolution in Political Science, Marxian Approach, Concept of Political System, Meaning of Politics: Traditional & Modern Interpretation, Political Culture, Political Socialisation.

Theory and Practice of Public Administration

Nature and scope of Public Administration, Development Administration: Concept, scope and significance, Comparative Administration: Meaning, nature and scope, Ecological Approach: Fred Riggs, Rational decision-making Approach: Hebert Simon, Public Policy: Meaning, Nature and Importance, policy-making factors and institutions, Impact of information and Technology on Public Administration.

Comparative Politics

Comparative Politics: Meaning and Nature, Political Elites, Power, Influence and Authority, Marxist Interpretation of Democracy. Liberal Interpretation of Democracy, Political Parties and Pressure Groups.