DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING PUNJABI UNIVERSITY, PATIALA

SYLLABUS OF ENTRANCE TEST FOR Ph.D. (CIVIL ENGG.)

(Session- 2022-2023)

SECTION A

(RESEARCH METHODOLOGY) (50%)

Introduction to Research Methodology: meaning, objectives, types, significance. Research Process. Nature and objectives of research, Methods of Research: historical, descriptive and experimental. Research Problem: Alternative approaches to the study of the research problem and problem formulation. Formulation of hypotheses, Feasibility, preparation and presentation of research proposal. Research Design: measurement scales, features, types, experimental designs. Types of sample designs. Data Collection: primary and secondary data, validation. Processing and Analysis of data: processing operations and problems, types of analysis, use of statistical measures in analysis (mean, median, mode, standard deviation, variance, degree of freedom). Introduction to statistical analysis: Probability and probability distributions; binomial, Poisson, exponential and normal distributions and their applications. Sampling: fundamentals, types, distributions, sampling theory, sample size determination. Basic Principles of design of experiments, completely randomized, randomized block designs, factorial, Taguchi and RSM designs. Edition, tabulation. Correlation, regression and testing of Hypothesis: procedure, parametric tests -z-test, t-test, chi-square test, F-test. Analysis of variance. Interpretation: meaning, need, technique, precaution. Presentation: Report Writing, Types of reports, Oral presentation. Use of software for statistical analysis: SPSS, Minitabs. Ethical Practices in Research.

SECTION B

(CIVIL ENGINEERING (50%))

Solid Mechanics: Bending moment and shear force in statically determinate beams; Simple stress and strain relationships; Theories of failures; Simple bending theory, flexural and shear stresses, shear centre; Uniform torsion, buckling of column, combined and direct bending stresses.

Structural Analysis: Statically determinate and indeterminate structures by force/ energy methods; Method of superposition; Analysis of trusses, arches, beams, cables and frames; Displacement methods: Slope deflection and moment distribution methods; Influence lines; Stiffness and flexibility methods of structural analysis.

Construction Materials and Management: Construction Materials: Structural steel - composition, material properties and behaviour; Concrete - constituents, mix design, short-term and long-term properties; Bricks and mortar; Timber; Bitumen. Construction Management: Types of construction projects; Tendering and construction contracts; Rate analysis and standard specifications; Cost estimation; Project planning and network analysis - PERT and CPM.

Concrete Structures: Working stress, Limit state and Ultimate load design concepts; Design of beams, slabs, columns; Bond and development length; Prestressed concrete; Analysis of beam sections at transfer and service loads.

Steel Structures: Working stress and Limit state design concepts; Design of tension and compression members, beams and beam- columns, column bases; Connections - simple and eccentric, beam-column connections, plate girders and trusses; Plastic analysis of beams and frames.

Soil Mechanics: Origin of soils, soil structure and fabric; Three-phase system and phase relationships, index properties; Unified and Indian standard soil classification system; Permeability - one dimensional flow, Darcy's law; Seepage through soils - two-dimensional flow, flow nets, uplift pressure, piping; Principle of effective stress, capillarity, seepage force and quicksand condition; Compaction in laboratory and field conditions; Onedimensional consolidation, time rate of consolidation; Mohr's circle, stress paths, effective and total shear strength parameters, characteristics of clays and sand.

Foundation Engineering: Sub-surface investigations - scope, drilling bore holes, sampling, plate load test, standard penetration and cone penetration tests; Earth pressure theories - Rankine and Coulomb; Stability of slopes - finite and infinite slopes, method of slices and Bishop's method; Stress distribution in soils - Boussinesq's and Westergaard's theories, pressure bulbs; Shallow foundations - Terzaghi's and Meyerhoff's bearing capacity theories, effect of water table; Combined footing and raft foundation; Contact pressure; Settlement analysis in sands and clays; Deep foundations - types of piles, dynamic and static formulae, load capacity of piles in sands and clays, pile load test, negative skin friction.

Transportation Infrastructure: Highway alignment and engineering surveys; Geometric design of highways - cross-sectional elements, sight distances, horizontal and vertical alignments; Geometric design of railway track; Airport runway length, taxiway and exit taxiway design.

Highway Pavements: Highway materials - desirable properties and quality control tests; Design of bituminous paving mixes; Design factors for flexible and rigid pavements; Design of flexible pavement using IRC: 37-2012; Design of rigid pavements using IRC: 58-2011; Distresses in concrete pavements.

Traffic Engineering: Traffic studies on flow, speed, travel time - delay and O-D study, PCU, peak hour factor, parking study, accident study and analysis, statistical analysis of traffic data; Microscopic and macroscopic parameters of traffic flow, fundamental relationships; Control devices, signal design by Webster's method; Types of intersections and channelization; Highway capacity and level of service of rural highways and urban roads.

Geomatics Engineering: Principles of surveying; Errors and their adjustment; Maps - scale, coordinate system; Distance and angle measurement - Levelling and trigonometric levelling; Traversing and triangulation survey; Total station; Horizontal and vertical curves. Photogrammetry - scale, flying height; Remote sensing - basics, platform and sensors, visual image interpretation; Basics of Geographical information system (GIS) and Geographical Positioning system (GPS).